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CERTIFICATE OF TRANSMISSION BY FACSIMILE (37 CFR 1.8)			Docket No. 13598-US
Applicant(s): Attaullah ZABIHI, et al.			
Serial No. 10/227,863	Filing Date August 27, 2002	Examiner LY, Anh Vu H	Group Art Unit 2616
Invention: STACKABLE VIRTUAL AREA NETWORK PROVISIONING IN BRIDGED NETWORKS			
<p>I hereby certify that this <u>Response to Final Action mailed January 8, 2008</u> (Identify type of correspondence)</p> <p>is being facsimile transmitted to the United States Patent and Trademarks Office (Fax. No. <u>571-273-8300</u>)</p> <p>on <u>April 8, 2008</u> (Date)</p> <p><u>Carolynn Irvin</u> (Typed or Printed Name of Person Signing Certificate)</p> <p><u></u> (Signature)</p> <p>Note: Each paper must have its own certification of mailing.</p>			

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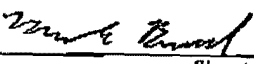

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TRANSMITTAL LETTER (General Patent Pending)			Docket No. 13598-US
In Re Application Of: Attaullah ZABIHI, et al.			
Serial No. 10/227,863	Filing Date August 27, 2002	Examiner. LY, Anh Vu H	Group Art Unit 2616
Title: STACKABLE VIRTUAL AREA NETWORK PROVISIONING IN BRIDGED NETWORKS			
<u>TO THE ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS:</u>			
Transmitted herewith is:			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Response to Final Action mailed January 8, 2008 - Certificate of Transmission by Facsimile (1) 			
In the above identified application.			
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No additional fee is required. <input type="checkbox"/> A check in the Amount of _____ is attached. <input type="checkbox"/> The assistant Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge and credit Deposit Account No. _____ as described below. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Charge the amount of _____ <input type="checkbox"/> Credit any overpayment. <input type="checkbox"/> Charge any additional fee required. 			
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S. Mark Budd 53,880		<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> I certify that this document and fee being deposited on _____ with the U.S. Postal Service as first class mail under 37 C.F.R. 1.8 and addressed to the Assistant Commissioner for Patents, Washington, D.C. 20231. </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 5px;"> Signature of Person Mailing Correspondence </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 5px;"> Typed or Printed Name of Person Mailing Correspondence </div>	
Marks & Clerk Canada P.O. Box 957 Station B. Ottawa, ON, K1P 5S7 Phone: (613) 236-9561		 * 2 3 5 5 3 *	

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Serial No. 10/227,863
Art Unit 2616

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PATENT

Agent's Docket No. 13598-US

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Application of

ZABIHI, Attaullah et al.

Serial No: 10/227,863

Filed: August 27, 2002

Art Unit: 2616

Examiner: LY, Anh Vu H.

For: **STACKABLE VIRTUAL LOCAL AREA NETWORK PROVISIONING IN BRIDGED NETWORKS**

April 8, 2008

**Commissioner for Patents
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450**

RESPONSE TO FINAL ACTION MAILED JANUARY 8, 2008

Sir:

In response to the Office Action mailed January 8, 2008, please amend this application as follows:

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AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A method of provisioning a backbone Virtual Local Area Network (VLAN) comprising:

- a. obtaining at least one backbone VLAN Identifier (ID);
- b. selecting a plurality of backbone VLAN trunks; and
- c. associating the backbone VLAN ID with each one of the plurality of backbone VLAN trunks; by:

c1. determining a plurality of stackable trunk ports corresponding to the plurality of backbone VLAN trunks; and

c2. associating the backbone VLAN ID with each one of the plurality of stackable trunk ports;

the selection and association of the backbone VLAN ID with each one of the plurality of backbone VLAN trunks being undertaken irrespective of one of an in-use and a stand-by designation of each one of the plurality of backbone VLAN trunks and each one of the plurality of stackable trunk ports.

2. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN as claimed in claim 1, the method further comprising tracking previously obtained backbone VLAN IDs.

3. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN as claimed in claim 1, the method further comprising generating the at least one backbone VLAN ID.

4. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN as claimed in claim 3, wherein generating the at least one backbone VLAN ID comprises generating a unique backbone VLAN ID.

5. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN as claimed in claim 1, wherein selecting the plurality of backbone VLAN trunks comprises selecting all managed backbone VLAN trunks.

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6. (currently amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN as claimed in claim 5, wherein selecting all managed backbone VLAN trunks, ~~the method further~~ comprises selecting all managed backbone VLAN trunks in an associated realm of management.
7. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN as claimed in claim 5 further comprising de-selecting at least one backbone VLAN trunk.
8. (cancelled)
9. (currently amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN as claimed in claim [[8]] 1, wherein determining the plurality of stackable trunk ports comprises selecting all managed stackable trunk ports.
10. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN as claimed in claim 9, wherein selecting all stackable trunk ports-comprises selecting all managed stackable trunk ports in the associated realm of management.
11. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN as claimed in claim 9 further comprising de-selecting at least one selected stackable trunk port.
12. (currently amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN as claimed in claim [[8]] 1, wherein associating the backbone VLAN ID with each one of the plurality of stackable trunk ports comprises issuing commands to the plurality of stackable trunk ports to enable support for backbone VLAN ID associated communications.
13. (cancelled)
14. (cancelled)

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15. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN as claimed in claim 1, further comprising issuing commands to determine a backbone VLAN provisioning status associated with at least one of a backbone VLAN, a backbone VLAN trunk, a stackable trunk port, a tunnel access port, and a VLAN access port.

16. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN as claimed in claim 1, further comprising defining at least one switching rule by specifying one of:

- i. a VLAN access port to VLAN access port binding;
- ii. a VLAN access port to VLAN trunk port binding;
- iii. a VLAN access port to stackable trunk port binding;
- iv. a VLAN trunk port to VLAN trunk port binding; and
- v. a tunnel access port to stackable trunk port binding.

17. (currently amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN trunk comprising:

- a. obtaining a plurality of backbone VLAN IDs associated with a corresponding plurality of provisioned backbone VLANs; and
- b. associating the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs with the backbone VLAN trunk; by

b1. determining at least one stackable trunk port corresponding to the backbone VLAN trunk; and

b2. associating the backbone VLAN IDs with the at least one stackable trunk port;

the association of the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs with the backbone VLAN trunk being undertaken irrespective of one of an in-use and a stand-by designation of the backbone VLAN trunk and the at least one stackable trunk port.

18. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN trunk as claimed in claim 17, wherein obtaining the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs, comprises obtaining backbone VLAN IDs associated with all provisioned backbone VLANs.

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19. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN trunk as claimed in claim 17, wherein obtaining backbone VLAN IDs associated with all provisioned backbone VLANs comprises obtaining backbone VLAN IDs associated with all provisioned backbone VLANs in a realm of management.

20. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN trunk as claimed in claim 17, further comprising disregarding at least one backbone VLAN ID subsequent to obtaining the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs.

21. (cancelled)

22. (currently amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN trunk as claimed in claim [[21]] 17, wherein associating the backbone VLAN IDs with the at least one stackable trunk port comprises issuing at least one command to the at least one stackable trunk port to enable support for backbone VLAN ID associated communications.

23. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a backbone VLAN trunk as claimed in claim 17, further comprising issuing commands to determine a backbone VLAN provisioning status associated with at least one of a backbone VLAN, a backbone VLAN trunk, and a stackable trunk port.

24. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a stackable trunk port comprising:

- a. obtaining a plurality of backbone VLAN IDs associated with a corresponding plurality of provisioned backbone VLANs; and
- b. associating the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs with the stackable trunk port;

the association of the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs with the stackable trunk port being undertaken irrespective of one of an in-use and a stand-by designation of the stackable trunk port.

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25. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a stackable trunk port as claimed in claim 24, wherein obtaining the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs further comprises obtaining backbone VLAN IDs associated with all provisioned backbone VLANs.

26. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a stackable trunk port as claimed in claim 24, wherein obtaining backbone VLAN IDs associated with all provisioned backbone VLANs further comprises obtaining backbone VLAN IDs associated with all provisioned backbone VLANs in a realm of management.

27. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a stackable trunk port as claimed in claim 24, further comprising disregarding at least one backbone VLAN ID subsequent to obtaining the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs.

28. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a stackable trunk port as claimed in claim 24, wherein associating the backbone VLAN IDs with the stackable trunk port comprises issuing at least one command to the stackable trunk port to enable support for backbone VLAN ID associated communications.

29. (previously amended) A method of provisioning a stackable trunk port as claimed in claim 24, further comprising issuing commands to determine a backbone VLAN provisioning status associated with at least one of a backbone VLAN, and a stackable trunk port.

30. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface comprising:

- a. a backbone VLAN ID selector for selecting a plurality of backbone VLAN IDs;
- b. a backbone VLAN trunk selector for selecting a plurality of backbone VLAN trunks; and
- c. an activator for committing associations between the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs and the plurality of backbone VLAN trunks;

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the associations between the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs and the plurality of backbone VLAN trunks being undertaken irrespective of one of an in-use and a stand-by designation of each one of the plurality of backbone VLAN trunks.

31. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 30, wherein the backbone VLAN ID selector is further operable to select the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs corresponding to all backbone VLANs provisioned in a managed communications network.

32. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 30, wherein the backbone VLAN ID selector is further operable to de-select at least one backbone VLAN ID from the plurality of selected backbone VLAN IDs.

33. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 30, wherein the backbone VLAN trunk selector is further operable to select all backbone VLAN trunks provisioned in a managed communications network.

34. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 30, wherein the backbone VLAN trunk selector is further operable to de-select at least one backbone VLAN trunk from the plurality of selected backbone VLAN trunks.

35. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 30, wherein the activator is further operable to initiate the issuing of at least one command to effect the associations between the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs and the plurality of backbone VLAN trunks.

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36. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 30, wherein the backbone VLAN trunk selector further comprises a stackable trunk port selector operable to select at least one stackable trunk port.

37. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 36, wherein stackable trunk port selector operable to select all stackable trunk ports in a managed communications network.

38. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 37, wherein stackable trunk port selector is further operable to de-select at least one stackable trunk port.

39. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 37, wherein the activator is further operable to initiate the issuing of at least one command to effect the associations between the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs and the plurality of stackable trunk ports.

40. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 30, further comprising a tunnel access port selector for selecting at least two tunnel access ports.

41. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 40, the activator further being operable to effect associations between the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs and the at least two tunnel access ports.

42. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 41, wherein the activator is further operable to issue at least one command to effect the associations between the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs and the at least two tunnel access ports.

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43. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 30, further comprising means for displaying a backbone VLAN provisioning status for at least one of a backbone VLAN, a backbone VLAN trunk, a stackable trunk port, a VLAN access port and a tunnel access port.

44. (currently amended) A backbone VLAN provisioning ~~human-machine~~ computer interface as claimed in claim 30, further comprising means for defining at least one switching rule by specifying a one of:

- i. a VLAN access port to VLAN access port binding;
- ii. a VLAN access port to VLAN trunk port binding;
- iii. a VLAN access port to stackable trunk port binding;
- iv. a VLAN trunk port to VLAN trunk port binding; and
- v. a tunnel access port to stackable trunk port binding.

45. (currently amended) A network management system using the ~~human-machine~~ computer interface defined in claim 30 to effect backbone VLAN provisioning in a managed communications network.

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Claim 1 has been amended to include the limitations of previous claim 8 and to properly introduce the abbreviation "ID". Claim 8 has been cancelled, and claims 9 and 12 made dependent on claim 1.

Claim 17 has been amended to include the limitations of previous claim 21. Claim 21 has been cancelled, and claim 22 made dependent on claim 17. Claim 22 has also been amended to correct an antecedence issue.

Claims 30-45 have been amended to replace "human-machine interface" with "computer interface", since the Examiner has stated that all human-machine interfaces are computer interfaces.

No new subject matter has been added, and the scope of the claims is no different from that of claims previously on file.

The Examiner has objected to claims 8 and 30-45 as containing various specified informality errors. Claim 8 has been cancelled. Claims 30-45 have been amended to replace the term "human-machine interface" with the term "computer interface", which the Examiner feels is more appropriate.

The Examiner has objected to claims 1-45 under 35 U.S.C. §102(e) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent 6,678,241 issued to Gai *et al.*

Claim 1 includes the limitation of selecting a plurality of backbone VLAN trunks. This is a limitation not taught by Gai. In the reasons for rejection, the Examiner states that Gai teaches this limitation as the links 248 of Figure 2. In the Examiner's response to the Applicant's previous arguments, the Examiner states that the switches 230-246 of Gai associate their respective trunk ports with the VLAN designations, citing column 7 lines 10-15. However, as argued previously, the mere presence of the links 248 and the mere association of the trunk ports with VLAN designations does not teach selecting the links, especially in the context of a provisioning method. In order to teach this limitation of claim

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1, the Examiner must show where Gai teaches selecting one of the links as part of a provisioning method.

Claim 1 also includes the limitation of associating the backbone VLAN ID with each one of a plurality of stackable trunk ports. This is a limitation not taught by Gai. The Examiner states (with respect to previous claim 8) that Gai teaches associating the backbone VLAN ID with each one of a plurality of stackable trunk ports at column 14 lines 28-30 and FIG. 3 elements 302a-302c. However, these passages teach only association of a VLAN ID with a trunk port, and not with a stackable trunk port. The present invention, as claimed, is directed to a provisioning method which enables a number of possible actual VLANs beyond the usual 4096 limit. Backbone VLANs travel over backbone VLAN trunks, which are defined between stackable trunk ports on core routers. The qualification of the trunk ports in claim 1 as being stackable is important, as this allows VLANs to be stacked beyond the usual limit of 4096. The Applicant respectfully points out that the extension of the number of VLANs beyond 4096 is not intended to be explicitly claimed, but is merely an advantage of the invention realized by the explicit limitation of associating VLAN IDs with stackable trunk ports. This difference between claim 1 and Gai is important, as the advantages of the present invention enabled by claim 1 are not possible using the teachings of Gai.

Claim 1 also includes the limitation that the selection and association of the backbone VLAN IDs with the backbone VLAN trunks is undertaken irrespective of an in-use and a stand-by designation of the backbone VLAN trunks. This is a limitation not taught by Gai. The Examiner states that "each physical VLAN is designated as ACTIVE, STAND-BY, and UNUSABLE. This implies that the trunks in the physical VLANs associated with each logical VLAN are undertaken irrespective of a one in-use and/or stand-by designation". As argued previously, this is actually contrary to the limitation of claim 1. Because each logical VLAN (which the Examiner has equated with a backbone VLAN by equating the ID RED with a backbone VLAN ID) of Gai deliberately has one active physical VLAN associated with it and a number of stand-by physical VLANs, the association cannot be said to be irrespective of whether the trunk is in-use or stand-by. In fact, if Gai's association was irrespective of whether the trunks were in-use or stand-by, then the method taught by Gai would not work because the entire point of Gai is to have

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exactly one in-use physical VLAN and one or more stand-by physical VLANs to act as redundant VLANs should the active VLAN fail.

Claims 2-7, 9-12, 15, and 16 are dependent on claim 1 and include the same limitations discussed above. Because Gai does not teach each and every element of the claims, the Applicant respectfully submits that claims 1-7, 9-12, 15, and 16 are not anticipated by Gai.

Claim 17 includes the limitation of obtaining a plurality of backbone VLAN IDs associated with a corresponding plurality of provisioned backbone VLANs. This is a limitation not taught by Gai. In the reasons for rejection, the Examiner states that Gai teaches this limitation in Figure 5C as the values RED, BLUE, etc. However, as argued previously, the mere presence of the VLAN IDs does not teach obtaining the VLAN IDs, especially in the context of a provisioning method. In order to teach this limitation of claim 17, the Examiner must show where Gai teaches obtaining backbone VLAN IDs associated with a corresponding plurality of provisioned backbone VLANs.

Claim 17 also includes the limitation of associating the backbone VLAN ID with each one of a plurality of stackable trunk ports. This is a limitation not taught by Gai. The Examiner states (with respect to previous claim 21) that Gai teaches associating the backbone VLAN ID with each one of a plurality of stackable trunk ports at column 14 lines 28-30 and FIG. 3 elements 302a-302c. However, these passages teach only association of a VLAN ID with a trunk port, and not with a stackable trunk port. The present invention, as claimed, is directed to a provisioning method which enables a number of possible actual VLANs beyond the usual 4096 limit. Backbone VLANs travel over backbone VLAN trunks, which are defined between stackable trunk ports on core routers. The qualification of the trunk ports in claim 17 as being stackable is important, as this allows VLANs to be stacked beyond the usual limit of 4096. The Applicant respectfully points out that the extension of the number of VLANs beyond 4096 is not intended to be explicitly claimed, but is merely an advantage of the invention realized by the explicit limitation of associating VLAN IDs with stackable trunk ports. This difference between claim 17 and Gai is

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important, as the advantages of the present invention enabled by claim 17 are not possible using the teachings of Gai.

Claim 17 also includes the limitation that the selection and association of the backbone VLAN IDs with the backbone VLAN trunk is undertaken irrespective of an in-use and a stand-by designation of the backbone VLAN trunks. This is a limitation not taught by Gai. The Examiner states that "each physical VLAN is designated as ACTIVE, STAND-BY, and UNUSABLE. This implies that the trunks in the physical VLANs associated with each logical VLAN are undertaken irrespective of a one in-use and/or stand-by designation". As argued previously, this is actually contrary to the limitation of claim 17. Because each logical VLAN (which the Examiner has equated with a backbone VLAN by equating the ID RED with a backbone VLAN ID) of Gai deliberately has one active physical VLAN associated with it and a number of stand-by physical VLANs, the association cannot be said to be irrespective of whether the trunk is in-use or stand-by. In fact, if Gai's association was irrespective of whether the trunks were in-use or stand-by, then the method taught by Gai would not work because the entire point of Gai is to have exactly one in-use physical VLAN and one or more stand-by physical VLANs to act as redundant VLANs should the active VLAN fail.

Claims 18-20, 22 and 23 are dependent on claim 17 and include the same limitations discussed above. Because Gai does not teach each and every element of the claims, the Applicant respectfully submits that claims 17-20, 22, and 23 are not anticipated by Gai.

Claim 24 is directed to a method of provisioning a stackable trunk port. The Examiner has not shown where Gai teaches a method of provisioning a stackable trunk port.

Claim 24 includes the limitation of obtaining a plurality of backbone VLAN IDs associated with a corresponding plurality of provisioned backbone VLANs. This is a limitation not taught by Gai. The Examiner states that Gai teaches this in Figure 5c as the IDs RED, BLUE, etc. However, as discussed above with reference to claim 17, the mere presence of IDs is not sufficient to show a step of obtaining the IDs, certainly not in the context of a method of provisioning.

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Claim 24 also includes the limitation of associating the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs with the stackable trunk port. This is a limitation not taught by Gai. The Examiner cites column 14 lines 28-30 and Figure 3 of Gai as teaching this limitation. However, these passages do not teach association of backbone VLAN IDs with stackable trunk ports. The present invention, as claimed, is directed to a provisioning method which enables a number of possible actual VLANs beyond the usual 4096 limit. Backbone VLANs travel over backbone VLAN trunks, which are defined between stackable trunk ports on core routers. The qualification of the trunk ports in claim 24 as being stackable is important, as this allows VLANs to be stacked beyond the usual limit of 4096. The Applicant respectfully points out that the extension of the number of VLANs beyond 4096 is not intended to be explicitly claimed, but is merely an advantage of the invention realized by the explicit limitation of associating backbone VLAN IDs with stackable trunk ports. This difference between claim 24 and Gai is important, as the advantages of the present invention enabled by claim 24 are not possible using the teachings of Gai.

Claim 24 also includes the limitation that the association of the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs with the stackable trunk port is undertaken irrespective of the in-use or stand-by designation of the stackable trunk port. However, as discussed above with reference to claims 1 and 17, Gai expressly takes into account whether a physical VLAN is active or stand-by in making the association, and is therefore the opposite of "irrespective".

Claims 25-29 are dependent on claim 24 and include the same limitations discussed above. Since Gai does not teach each and every element of the claims, the Applicant respectfully submits that claims 24-29 are not anticipated by Gai.

Claim 30 is directed to a backbone VLAN provisioning computer machine interface. The limitations of the claims include selectors and activators for effecting specified actions. The Examiner has not shown where Gai teaches such a computer interface. The Examiner has treated claim 30 the same as claim 1, but these are different categories of claims and comprise different limitations. For example, the Examiner addresses the preamble of claim 30 by stating that Gai discloses a method of provisioning a backbone VLAN in Figure 4. However, Figure 4 in no way discloses a computer interface as recited in claim 30. This

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ignores a major aspect of the invention, which is a NMS interface with specified functionality buttons which simplifies provisioning of backbone VLANs.

Claim 30 includes the limitation of a backbone VLAN ID selector for selecting a plurality of backbone VLAN IDs. As discussed above, Gai does not teach backbone VLAN IDs. In addition, the Examiner has not shown where Gai teaches such a selector within a human-machine interface.

Claim 30 also includes the limitation of a backbone VLAN trunk selector for selecting a plurality of backbone VLAN trunks. As discussed above, Gai does not teach backbone VLAN trunks. In addition, the Examiner has not shown where Gai teaches such a selector within a human-machine interface.

Claim 30 also includes the limitation of an activator for committing associations between the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs and the plurality of backbone VLAN trunks. As discussed above, Gai does not teach backbone VLAN IDs or backbone VLAN trunks. In addition, the Examiner has not shown where Gai teaches such an activator within a human-machine interface.

Claim 30 also includes the limitation that the associations between the plurality of backbone VLAN IDs and the plurality of backbone VLAN trunks is undertaken irrespective of the in-use or stand-by designation of the backbone VLAN trunks. However, as discussed above with reference to claims 1 and 17, Gai expressly takes into account whether a physical VLAN is active or stand-by in making the association, and is therefore the opposite of "irrespective".

Claims 31-44 are dependent on claim 30 and include the same limitations discussed above. Claim 45 is directed to an NMS which includes the limitations of claim 30. Since Gai does not teach each and every element of the claims, the Applicant respectfully submits that claims 30-45 are not anticipated by Gai.

The Examiner is kindly asked to consider the aspect of the invention reflected in claims 30-45, namely the NMS interface whose inventive elements simplify provisioning of backbone VLANs. The Applicant made such a request in response to the previous Office Action, but the Examiner has again failed to address the specific elements of claims 30-45, and has not addressed our previous arguments with respect to claims 30-45.

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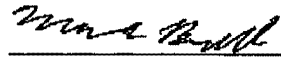
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In view of the foregoing, it is believed that the claims at present on file and as amended herein are in condition for allowance. Reconsideration and action to this end is respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,



S. Mark Budd
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